

The [Research and Evaluation Strategy 2022-2027](#) sets out a pathway to build and mobilise evidence to enhance the NDIS and shape innovative services and supports that optimise the lives of participants.

In the strategy, we identified 'home and living supports' as one of our research focus areas. We will:

- Explore participant experiences to help design new innovative home and living solutions for a range of disability cohorts
- Trial new technologies or innovative approaches to help participants achieve greater independence in diverse living arrangements
- Evaluate the effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of home and living innovations and test their scalability
- Ensure home and living policy and implementation strategies are informed by evidence and produce evidence-based participant facing resources on what works for whom.
- We will provide updates on our progress here.

## Other research areas

- [Early interventions and high volume cohorts](#)
- [Home and living supports](#)
- [Market stewardship and employment](#)
- [Research that helps us improve the NDIS](#)
- [Improving outcomes for participants](#)

## Related research

### Using capacity building supports to help make individualised living a reality

The NDIA and Scope Australia are undertaking a research project to understand how participants use formal and informal capacity building supports to transition to more individualised living options (ILO) and choose a home that's right for them.

[Read more](#)

## **Transitions from group homes, institutional care and residential aged care**

This evidence review looks at what might help people with disability to move from institutional care, group homes or congregate care to more individualised living arrangements. It explores the challenges people may face and identifies the approach needed to help people transition and improve outcomes.

[Read the evidence review](#)

## **Environmental scan of specialist disability accommodation**

This research explores how SDA might best meet the needs of people with significant and permanent disability.

[Read the research](#)

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22 December 2022