School leaver employment support dashboard July 2021 to June 2022

This document is made up of five sections which use elements such as, tables, bar charts and pie charts to visually illustrate data from content in the Summary Provider Quarterly Report. If you would like more information about the context of the information contained in the tables or charts, please read the Summary Provider Quarterly Report.

Image: NDIS icon

# Section 1 Providers who contributed

Element Bar chart illustrating providers by size who have contributed their data to the School leaver Provider Quarterly Report July 2021 to June 2022.

Providers who supported over 100 participants, 100% contributed data.

Providers who supported 51 to100 participants, 100% contributed data.

Providers who supported 11 to 50 participants, 95% contributed data.

Providers who supported 1 to 10 participants, 29% contributed data.

# Section 2 Participants Number of unique participants totaled 5,874.

Element Pie chart

Pie chart illustrating number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islanders as 6%.

Element Pie chart

Pie chart illustrating number of Culturally and linguistically Diverse participants as 7%

Element Pie chart

Pie chart illustrating the number of participants according to gender. 67% male, 31% female, 1% Other

Element Bar chart

The residency of participants according to state or territory. NSW 40%, VIC 25%, QLD 14%, SA 9%, WA 8%, TAS 2%, ACT and NT 2%

Element: Bar chart

The number of participants according to disability. Autism 52%, Intellectual disability 36%, Down syndrome 39%, Cerebral palsy 2%, Other 6%

# Section 2 Supports

Element Table showing the percentage of delivery methods used to support participants.

## July to September 2021

One to one 43%

Group based 32%

Distance/offline 25%

## October to December 2021

One to one 43%

Group based 46%

Distance/offline 11%

## January to March 2022

One to one 40%

Group based 55%

Distance/offline 5%

## April to June2022

One to one 40%

Group based:58%

Distance/offline 2%

Section 3 Outcomes

1045 participants exited supports, 29% to open employment, 5% to an Australian Disability Enterprise, 15% further study and volunteer work, 51% to nonemployment.

Element Bar chart of Final outcomes upon exiting employment support for the 4 quarters.

Job in the open labour market with full award wages 131 participants.

Job in the open lab our market with full award wages, with assistance of Disability Employment Services 76 participants.

Job in the open labour market with supported wages with the assistance of Disability Employment Services 63 participants.

Job in the open labour market with supported wages 25 participants.

Selfemployed or Microenterprise 13 participants.

Job in an Australian Disability Enterprise 48 participants.

Volunteering or other unpaid work 94 participants.

Education or further study 62 participants

Exited (e.g. personal, family relocation) 347 participants.

Referred to a Disability Employment Service less than 11 participants.

Referred to another provider 52 participants.

Nonpopulated 130 participants.

Element Bar chart illustrating the % of hours worked by per week from July 21 to June 22

9% of participants worked between 0 to 7 hours per week.

28% of participants worked between 8 to 14 hours per week.

33% of participants worked between 15 to 21 hours per week.

6% of participants worked between 22 to 28 hours per week.

3% of participants worked between 29 to 35 hours per week.

5% of participants worked more than 36 hours per week.

15% of participants not working.

Element Pie chart illustrating employment type between July 21 and June 22

37% of participants had casual employment.

43% of participants had part time employment.

15% not populated/other.

4% of participants had full time employment.

1% of participants were selfemployed/microenterprise.

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Of participants who started employment over the 4 quarters, 70% worked up to 21 hours per week.

Element text box with green border

70% worked in Retail, Hospitality, Tourism, Trades, Manufacturing, or Operation.

line drawing of a male in a suit

line drawing of a female waiter

line drawing of a female welder

line drawing of a male construction worker

Section 4 Insights

Element Table Variables that help or hinder finding paid employment.

This table illustrates the variables that help or hinder the participant finding paid employment. The variables are ranked from 1 to 5 in order of importance, 1 being the most important.

## Rank 1

Variable Employer engagement and job customisation

Value Significant/fully achieved

Reference level No/Some progress

Chance of finding paid employment (value compared to reference), were 2.78 times as likely to find employment compared to participants who made no or some progress towards similar milestones.

## Rank 2

Variable Work skills

Value Significant/fully achieved

Reference level No/Some progress

Chance of finding paid employment (value compared to reference) were 1.37 times as likely to find employment compared to participants who made no or some progress towards similar milestones.

## Rank 3

Variable Work experience

Value fully achieved

Reference level No/Some/ significant progress

Chance of finding paid employment (value compared to reference) were 1.87 times as likely to find employment compared to participants who made no or some progress towards similar milestones.

## Rank 4

Variable Whether a participant is assisted to get a job

Value Yes

Reference level No

Chance of finding paid employment (value compared to reference) were 1.46 times as likely to find employment compared to participants who made no or some progress towards similar milestones.

## Rank 5

Variable Hours spent in achieving employer engagement and job customisation

Value 70 hours or more

Reference level Less than 70 hours

Chance of finding paid employment (value compared to reference) were 2.01 times as likely to find employment compared to participants who made no or some progress towards similar milestones.